

ALGEBRAIC SYSTEMS

Exam 2

October 29, 2007

The point value of each problem is given in the margin. Total = 80 points.

(8) 1. Find the quotient and remainder when $x^4 - x^3 + x^2$ is divided by $2x^2 + x + 1$ in $\mathbb{Z}_3[x]$. Then state the relationship between the four polynomials (as given in the division algorithm).

(8) 2. a) Find the set of units U_9 in \mathbb{Z}_9 .

b) Find all zero divisors in \mathbb{Z}_9 and show explicitly why each is a zero divisor. (Remember 0 is not called a zero divisor.)

(4) 3. Find $\phi(600)$, the number of integers from 1 to 600 that are relatively prime to 600.

(2) 4. Find the set of units in $\mathbb{Z}_3[x]$.

(10) 5. a) State Fermat's Little Theorem. (Dealing with modular exponentiation.)

b) Use Euler's Theorem to evaluate $17^{241} \pmod{35}$

(8) 5. Let $z = -1 + i \in \mathbb{C}$.

a) Find $|z|$ and the polar form (or exponential polar form) of z .

b) Find z^{10} . Express your final answer in the form $a + bi$.

(5) 6. Find all cube roots of i in \mathbb{C} . Express your answers in polar form or exponential form.

(8) 7. Give examples of the following.

a) A noncommutative ring.

b) Two different rings with 16 elements. (Hint: Think about a matrix ring for one example.)

c) An integral domain that is not a field.

d) A ring with infinitely many elements that has zero divisors.

(12) 8. Indicate whether the following sets are closed under addition (C.A.), closed under multiplication (C.M.), Rings (Ring), Commutative rings (C.Ring), Rings with Unity (R.U.), Integral Domains (Domain), Fields (Field). Circle **all** correct answers on each problem.

a) \mathbb{Z}_{10} C.A. C.M. Ring C.Ring R.U. Domain Field

b) \mathbb{Z}_5 C.A. C.M. Ring C.Ring R.U. Domain Field

c) $\mathbb{Z}_5[x]$ C.A. C.M. Ring C.Ring R.U. Domain Field

d) $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix} : a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$ C.A. C.M. Ring C.Ring R.U. Domain Field

e) $\{[0], [3], [6]\}$ in \mathbb{Z}_7 C.A. C.M. Ring C.Ring R.U. Domain Field

f) $\mathbb{E} = \{2n : n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ C.A. C.M. Ring C.Ring R.U. Domain Field

(6) 9. Prove that if p is a prime then \mathbb{Z}_p is a field. (You may assume an appropriate theorem on when a number has a multiplicative inverse $(\text{mod } m)$.)

(5) 10. Prove that for any complex numbers $z = a + bi$ and $w = c + di$ that $\overline{z\overline{w}} = \overline{z} \overline{\overline{w}}$.

(4) 11. Find all numbers of the form $23ab4a6$ divisible by 99.

Extra Credit:

(2) 1. Prove that for any real number θ , $e^{i\theta} = \cos(\theta) + i \sin(\theta)$. (You may assume convergence properties of series.)

(2) 2. Let R be a ring with unity, and x be an element of R such that $x^2 = 0$. Prove that $x + 1$ is a unit in R by explicitly finding its multiplicative inverse.